

MULTIPLE LINEAR REGRESSION AND LARGE SCALE INTEGRATION TECHNOLOGY APPLICATION TO THE TEXAS INSTRUMENT TI-59

William C. Croom
The University of Akron

The use of MLR as a general model-testing system has, over the last few years, provided the user with a powerful, flexible research tool (Newman, 1976; McNeil, K.; Kelly, F.; McNeil, J 1975). Except for the most simple cases (e.g. two or three variables), MLR has, unfortunately, been limited in application to those who have easy access to a large computer, or at least to those who are in contact with individuals who have such access. Thus, the smaller agencies, private practitioners, consultants, schools and the like may well have information which could be evaluated by MLR but is evaluated (if at all) by more traditional statistical procedures which may be inappropriate for the

research question being asked, or suffer from insufficient power to discriminate real differences (Roll, S.; Hoedt, K.; Newman, I. 1979).

The program below was written to allow the occasional user of MLR to take advantage of the features of the Texas Instrument TI-59 hand-held programmable calculator. The program may be recorded on magnetic cards which are supplied with the calculator; at the time of this writing, the instrument sells for approximately \$225.00.

Once so equipped, the user may then perform up to seven-variable regression routines with unlimited replications - since all other regression routines for hand-held calculators manipulate at most two independent variables the gain may well be worth the cost.

Definitions: string - one ordered series of data (X_1 , X_2 . . . Y)
set - K strings, where K = number of replications or subjects
vector - K replications of each variable;
 e.g., all X_1 scores

Description of Program

This program takes ordered strings of data and 1) creates a raw-score sum-of-squares-and-cross-products matrix (SSCP), 2) provides a fast, efficient method of constructing a correlation matrix from the SSCP matrix, 3) computes means and standard deviations for all variables,

4) calculates slopes and intercepts for any combination of two vectors taken as a X-Y pair, 5) provides a least-squares solution for a multiple regression analysis, where predictor variables ($N = 1-6$) are regressed on one criterion, then computes regression coefficients (raw-score) for these predictors, and 6) computes R^2 , the variance in the criterion accounted for by the linear combination of predictors. Input data may be any combination of discrete or continuous variables.

Limitation, Error Recovery, Notes

1. This program uses the matrix-inversion method of calculating the regression coefficients. If a singularity (determinant = 0) exists in the data, computation of the coefficients and R^2 will result in serious errors. Means, standard deviations, slopes, intercepts and individual correlations, among score vectors may be calculated without error. However, the user is encouraged to examine the data for "logical" perfect correlations (e.g. 1 if male, 0 otherwise, etc.). If the optional TI print cradle is used with this program, the determinant of the SSCP matrix will be printed and may then be easily examined.
2. Program execution of each string ($X_1, X_2 \dots Y$) of raw data requires approximately 10 seconds per variable.
3. Error recovery before the final variable of a string is entered with the R/S Key merely involves pressing SBR Y^x

and re-entering the string beginning with the first variable. If an error is discovered after value Y is entered in the calculator with the R/S Key, the matter is considerably more complicated. Recovery now involves expanding that particular data string into its own SSCP matrix and subtracting each value from the corresponding memory location in the calculator. This process is so lengthy and error-prone, it is recommended that the user press E and start over. Note that the use of the optional printer greatly reduces the chance of key punch error.

4. Note that it is not necessary to perform all steps if only regression coefficients are required - the user may jump directly from step 7 to step 19.

On the following pages appears the program. *TI-59 is a registered trademark of Texas Instruments, Inc.

STEP	ENTER	PRESS	DISPLAY	COMMENTS
<u>STARTUP</u>				
1. Repartition calculator	8	(2nd) OP 17	319.79	320 pgm steps/80 memories
2. Load side A/card 1 into Bank 1	1	RST	1	Bank 1 read from side A of card 1
3. Load side B/card 1 into Bank 2	2	—	2	Bank 2 read from side B of card 1
<u>DATA LOAD</u>				
4. initialize	—	E	(current)	clears memories and T-register, resets SBR counter
5. Enter # of predictors	N	A	0	$N \leq 6$
6. Enter predictor raw scores in order; e.g., $X_1, X_2, X_3 \dots X_n$, then criterion score (Y) which is defined as X_{n+1}	X_1 X_2 $\vdots$ X_{n+1}	R/S R/S $\vdots$ R/S	— — — K	at X_{n+1} , calculator will process the set of scores. display will blank, then display K, the number of that data set (where $K = 1, 2, 3, \dots K = \text{number of sets of scores}$)
7. Repeat (6) until all replications are entered				
<u>TO COMPUTE CORRELATIONS</u> Perform steps 1-7 first.				
8. initialize correlation sub-routine	—	B	0	r_{ij} = correlation between variable i and j
9. compute r_{ij}	i j	R/S R/S	i r_{ij}	enter data so $i < j$; e.g. (1, 2) <u>not</u> (2, 1). note: $j \leq n+1$ where variable $n+1 = y$, the criterion variable, thus, with 2 predictors, 1,3 would calculate correlation between X_1 and Y
10. To compute additional correlations, repeat 8-9.				

STEP	ENTER	PRESS	DISPLAY	COMMENTS
MEANS, STD. DEVS., SLOPES, INTERCEPTS, $\bar{X}$, $\hat{Y}$				
11. Perform steps 8-9 first.				
12. Compute $\bar{X}_j$	—	R/S	$\bar{X}_j$	mean of 2nd variable entered
13. Compute $\bar{X}_i$	—	R/S	$\bar{X}_i$	mean of 1st variable entered
14. Compute SD_j	—	R/S	SD_j	standard deviation of 2nd variable entered
15. Compute SD_i	—	R/S	SD_i	standard deviation of 1st variable entered
16. To compute slope and intercept of ij pair - perform steps 8-9 first, then:	— —	(2nd) OP 12 $X \leq t$	a b	intercept, a slope, b
17. Compute $\hat{Y}$ from X	X	(2nd) OP 14	$\hat{Y}$	estimate of Y computed from X
18. Compute $\hat{X}$ from Y	Y	(2nd) OP 15	$\hat{X}$	estimate of X computed from Y
<u>CALCULATE REGRESSION COEFFICIENTS</u>				
19. Perform steps 1-7 first				
20. Save raw-data matrix on magnetic card 3 - insert side A	3	(2nd) write	3	Bank 3 written on side A of card 3
21. Insert Side B	4	(2nd) write	4	Bank 4 written on side B of card 3
22. Read side A of card 2 into Bank 1	1	RST	1	Bank 1 read from side A of card 2
23. Calculate regression coefficients:	—	C R/S	a_0 a_1	constant (a_0) regression coefficients for X_1
<u>CALCULATE R^2</u>				
24. Calculate regression coefficients first		R/S	a_1	regression coefficient for X_1 Note: press R/S until a "0" appears in the display—this insures all coefficients are calculated and stored in the calculator memory

STEP	ENTER	PRESS	DISPLAY	COMMENTS
25. Read side A of data card 3 into Bank 3	3	—	3	Bank 3 read from side A of card 3
26. Read side B of data card 3 into Bank 4	4	—	4	Bank 4 read from side B of card 3
27. Read side B of card 2 into Bank 1	1	—	1	Bank 1 read from side B of card 2
28. Calculate R^2	—	D	R^2	proportion of variance in Y accounted for by the linear combination of predictors

A		B		
MLR CARD 1				
N	r_{ij}			INIT

A		B		
MLR CARD 2				
		CORR.	R^2	

SIDES A & B, CARD 1

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
00	76	LBL			04	04		110	34	✓X	
	11	A			07	7			06	6	
	42	STO			01	1			00	0	
	59	59			42	STO			42	STO	
	32	X ² +			05	05			00	00	
	76	LBL		60	76	LBL			69	00P	
	45	Y ^x			23	LN ^x			21	21	
	00	0			53	(			64	00P	
	42	STO			73	RC*			23	02P	
10	00	00			00	00			69	00P	
	06	6			65	P		120	25	25	
	00	0			73	RC*			00	0	
	42	STO			01	01			42	STO	
	01	01			54	J			02	002	
	01	1			74	SM*			61	GTO	
	72	ST*		70	04	04			23	LN ^x	
	01	01			43	RCL			76	LBL	
	64	0P			02	002			34	✓X	
	21	21			67	EQ			69	00P	
	43	RCL			24	CE			25	25	
20	08	00P			64	00P		130	43	RCL	
	91	R/S			20	20			70	70	
	79	PRT			69	20			33	X ^x	
	72	ST*			22	20			74	SM*	
	01	01			69	20			05	05	
	69	00P		80	24	24			98	ADV	
	20	20			61	GTO			61	GTO	
	69	00P			23	LN ^x			45	Y ^x	
	21	21			76	LBL			76	LBL	
30	43	RCL			24	CE			15	15	
	00	00			69	00P		140	47	CMS	
	67	EQ			24	24			29	CP	
	22	INV			69	20			92	RTN	
	61	GTO			20	20			76	LBL	
	00	00			53	RC*			12	12	
	19	19		90	73	RC*			98	ADV	
	76	LBL			00	00			98	ADV	
	22	INV			65	X			00	0	
	91	R/S			73	RC*			42	STO	
	99	PRT			01	01			07	00Y	
40	42	STO			54	J		150	42	STO	
	70	70			74	SM*			00	00	
	06	6			04	04			29	CP	
	00	0			53	(			91	R/S	
	42	STO			73	RC*			99	PRT	
	00	00		100	01	01			42	STO	
	42	STO			65	X			68	68	
	01	01			43	RCL			91	R/S	
	00	0			70	70			99	PRT	
	42	STO			54	J			42	STO	
50	02	02			74	SM*					
	42	STO			05	05					
	03	03			43	RCL					
	08	0			03	03					
	42	STO			67	EQ					

SIDES A & B, CARD 1 (cont.)

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
160	69	GA			71	SBR		270	32	XET	
	43	RCL			35	1/X			99	PAT	
	68	GB			42	STO			91	R/S	
	42	STO			06	06			22	INV	
	07	07			43	RCL			79	X	
	71	SBR		220	08	08			99	PRT	
	35	1/X			42	STO			91	R/S	
	42	STO			03	03			32	XET	
	04	04			61	GTO			99	PAT	
	43	RCL			78	Z+			92	RTN	
170	68	GB			76	LBL		280	76	LBL	
	42	STO			96	WRT			35	1/X	
	00	00			43	RCL			43	RCL	
	71	SBR			71	71			07	07	
	35	1/X		230	42	STO			65	X	
	42	STO			01	01			53	(	
	05	05			07	7			43	RCL	
	43	RCL			02	2			59	59	
	59	59			25	+			85	+	
	85	+			43	RCL			01	1	
180	01	1			59	59		290	59	)	
	54	)			54	)			85	+	
	32	XET			42	STO			43	RCL	
	43	RCL			00	00			00	00	
	69	GA			73	RC*			85	+	
	67	EQ		240	00	00			08	8	
	96	WRT			42	STO			54	)	
	29	CP			02	02			42	STO	
	00	0			07	7			67	67	
	42	STO			01	1			73	RCL	
190	07	07			85	+		300	67	67	
	43	RCL			43	RCL			92	RTN	
	69	GA			68	68			END OF CARD 1		
	42	STO			54	)			Sides A and B		
	00	00		250	42	STO					
	71	SBR			00	00					
	35	1/X			73	RC*					
	42	STO			00	00					
	01	01			42	STO					
	43	RCL			06	06					
200	69	GA			43	RCL					
	42	STO			08	08					
	07	07			42	STO					
	71	SBR			03	03					
	35	1/X		260	61	GTO					
	42	STO			78	Z+					
	02	02			76	LBL					
	43	RCL			78	Z+					
	68	GB			89	OP					
	42	STO			13	13					
210	07	07			99	PRT					
	43	RCL			91	R/S					
	69	GA			79	X					
	42	STO			99	PRT					
	00	00			91	R/S					

SIDE A, CARD 2

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
000	76	LBL			01	I					
	13	C			44	SUM					
	25	CLR			79	79					
	48	EXC			69	OP					
	59	59			20	20					
	32	XET		060	43	RCL					
	25	CLR			79	79					
	06	C			67	EQ					
	02	2			44	SUM					
	42	STO			61	GTO					
010	61	61			52	EE					
	32	XET			76	LBL					
	85	+			44	SUM					
	01	I			25	CLR					
	54	)			36	PGM					
	42	STO		070	02	02					
	79	79			15	E					
	36	PGM			01	I					
	01	01			36	PGM					
	71	SBQ			02	02					
020	25	CLR			16	A					
	01	I			76	LBL					
	32	XET			65	X					
	43	RCL			36	PGM					
	79	79			02	02					
	42	STO		080	91	R/S					
	07	07			91	R/S					
	36	PGM			72	ST*					
	02	02			61	61					
	13	C			01	I					
030	01	I			44	SUM					
	94	+/-			61	61					
	42	STO			61	GTO					
	79	79			65	X					
	07	7			92	RTN					
	01	I		090							
	42	STO									
	00	00									
	01	I									
	36	PGM									
040	02	02									
	14	D									
	76	LBL									
	52	EE									
	73	RC*									
	00	00									
	36	PGM									
	02	02									
	91	R/S									
	43	RCL									
050	07	07									
	75	-									
	01	I									
	54	)									
	32	XET									

END OF SIDE A
CARD 2

SIDE B, CARD 2

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
00	76	LBL			61	GTO		110	11	A	
	14	D			37	PR			01	I	
	36	PGM			76	LBL			36	PGM	
	01	01			49	PRD			03	03	
	71	SBR			43	RCL			12	0	
	25	CLR		60	79	79			76	LBL	
	43	RCL			85	+			38	SIN	
	71	71			07	7			73	RC*	
	55	+			02	2			61	01	
	43	RCL			54	)			36	PGM	
10	08	08			42	STO		110	03	03	
	64	)			00	00			91	R/S	
	42	STO			43	RCL			01	I	
	01	01			71	71			22	INV	
	07	7			23	X ²			44	SUM	
	02	2		70	55	+			30	30	
	42	STO			43	RCL			25	CLR	
	02	02			08	08			32	X&t	
	43	RCL			54	)			48	EXC	
	79	79			94	+/-			30	30	
20	42	STO			85	+		180	67	EQ	
	04	04			73	RC*			50	x	
	43	RCL			00	00			48	EXC	
	79	79			54	)			30	30	
	85	+			42	STO			32	X&t	
	09	9		80	00	00			01	I	
	54	)			36	PGM			44	SUM	
	42	STO			01	01			61	61	
	03	03			71	SBR			61	GTO	
30	76	LBL			25	CLR		140	38	SIN	
	37	P/R			43	RCL			76	LBL	
	73	RC*			71	79			50	x	
	03	03			42	STO			43	RCL	
	65	X			30	30			79	79	
	43	RCL			43	RCL			42	STO	
	01	01		90	00	00			30	30	
	54	)			35	1/X			01	I	
	94	+/-			42	STO			36	PGM	
	74	SM*			00	00			03	03	
	02	02			06	6			17	B'	
40	69	OP			03	3		150	76	LBL	
	34	34			42	STO			60	DEG	
	43	RCL			61	61			73	RC*	
	04	04			07	7			71	71	
	67	EQ			02	2			36	PGM	
	49	PRD			42	STO			03	03	
	69	OP		100	71	71			91	R/S	
	22	22			01	I			01	I	
	43	RCL			36	PGM			22	INV	
	79	79			03	03			44	SUM	
50	85	+			11	A					
	01	I			43	RCL					
	54	)			79	79					
	44	SUM			36	PGM					
	03	03			03	03					

SIDE B, CARD 2 (cont.)

LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS	LOC	CODE	KEY	COMMENTS
160	30	30									
	25	CLR									
	32	X2t									
	48	EXC									
	30	30									
	67	ER		220							
	80	GRD									
	48	EXC									
	30	30									
	32	X2t									
170	01	1									
	44	SUM									
	71	71									
	61	GTO									
	60	DEG									
	76	LBL									
	80	GRD									
	36	PGM									
	03	03									
	18	C									
190	01	1									
	26	PGM									
	03	03									
	19	D									
	36	PGM									
	03	03									
	91	R/S									
	65	X									
	43	RCL									
	00	00									
190	95	=									
	42	STO									
	00	00									
	00	0									
	00	0									
	03	3									
	05	5									
	07	7									
	00	0									
	10	0									
200	00	0									
	00	0									
	00	0									
	69	OP									
	04	04									
	43	RCL									
	00	00									
	69	OP									
	06	06									
	92	RTN									
210		END OF Side B CARD 2									

REFERENCES

McNeil, K., Kelly, F., McNeil, J. Testing Research Hypotheses Using Multiple Linear Regression. Carbondale: Southern Illinois University Press, 1975.

Newman, I. "Brief Note on the Justification for Using Multiple Linear Regression", Multiple Linear Regression Viewpoints, 1976, 6(4), 50-53.

Roll, S., Hoedt, K., Newman, I. "A Demonstration of a Type VI Error: An Applied Research Problem", Multiple Linear Regression Viewpoints, 1979, 10(1), 31-37.

Tatsuoka, M., Multivariate Analysis, New York: Wiley, 1971.